App. F. IX-4

Previous References

1932-3
(Lo-V)

File No. 46-32

Serial Nos. 1–5

Later References
C. V 73-33 (1-2)
" 10-36 (1-4)

PRESERVED

General and Revenue Secretariat.

Serial Nos. Index

Part B for May 33

SUBJECT.

Rules for regulating private practice by Veterinary officers.

D 6025-84 dt 29-5-33.

To Dir of Agri: Comptr.
" Dy. Comnrs of Dts
Heads of depts
President of Bangalore
Mysore = in Comn

Date from Dir of Agri: recommendation of 13th

Serial No.

From the Govt of Agriculture
No Roc 1046 of V-106 of 32-33 dated 4/11/32

"Requests" in the circ explained, that para the Veterinary Officers may be permitted to take up private practice without detriment to their legitimate duties on certain conditions
I Subd for orders - It is for Consideration in Govt whether time is ripe ~~to~~ 8/11/32 to permit of Veterinary Doctors in Govt Service having private practice. It is apprehended that the practice if allowed, may lead to abuse of medicines etc supplies to Vety dispensaries & hospitals since as everybody knows, there are very few private Chemists & Druggists there to supply such medicines—

K.P.
8/11/32

2- Are there any previous refers? Please look up & note.
8
11/11/32

3. Subd. The file headings were looked into. No references on the subject seem to have been received previous to this.
Sd KB
17/11/32

4 The Desi Deputn may perhaps be opposed.
DV. Secy
8
21/11/32

5- The Director recommendation may be sanctioned.
Second number. 6
Cht.
22.11.32

Is there any

OFFICE OF THE MELBOURNE MELBOURNE
22 NOV. 1932
No. 3225
NOTE—Contin Sheet.

WD 70—GBPM—60,000—13-8-31

Order now respecting private practice
Let me see it. (whether departmental
by Govt)

JPL
23/11
Cant.
23.11.32
V 25/11

There are no Govt orders on the subject
& draft enquiry is subd. for approval.

KD
13

8 Dec
24/11

No. D. 2331 & 24.11.32

Enquire whether there is any order
now departmental or govt.—

The Director of Agriculture.

2.

Sys A
Ld
1/12/32

From the Dir of Agriculture 3
no Roc 10666 C.V. 106 of 32-33 dated 16/12/32

States that there are neither departmental
nor govt orders restricting private practice
by veterinary surgeons & that general sanction
has been applied for to avoid letting individual
sanctions.

& Subd for orders with reference to para 6
here

10

11 Maybe (Secy) 20/12/32
26/12

Some definite rules are

Serial No.

necessary. The D. may be asked to send up a set of draft rules

SDO K
3/4/1934

1 A draft is subd for approval.
Gaz AV
9.4.32. 13 Issued
AD
7.1.33

4. D. 3292 & 10.1.33
The Director of Agriculture
Requests to submit for the approval of Govt. a set of draft rules for regulating Private practice.
Draft — Reminder
to be up.
2nd Issued
2/3/33
9/4/33.

Gaz A
AD
2/3/33

JGL AD 4548 4/9/33

4 From the Govt of Agriculture
No Roc 1046 C.U. 106 of 32-33 dated 17/4/33
Sub a set of draft rules called for
16 Submitted with reference to para 11 above.
Gaz A copy of draft rules of Madras rules &
20/4/33. Placed T.

17 Rule 9 provides for the supply of medicines etc from Govt Stock and the recovery of cost thereof from the private parties. It is not known if any safeguards can be provided to prevent malpractice.

18 Rule 10 - is not definite - It lays down that the fee shall not be less than Rs 2 a visit & not more than Rs 3 To avoid complications it would be better to be specific. It may perhaps be fixed at Rs 2 a visit

19 Ref para 11 above

KB 20/4 Rule 10 may lay down that the fee shall not be Rs 2/- a visit.

Second Member. 21 Yes

As regards rule 9 please compare with the rules re- practice of Govt medical officers as the draft seems to give a larger discretion

Rule 10 may lay down that the fee shall not be Rs 2/- a visit.

DJ 5.5.33. 1/5/33

Second Member of Council. 8 MAY 1933 No. 1431

SP 8/5

ans. 8.5.33 8/5

Q.M. 4945

General and Revenue Secretariat	File No.	of 193 .	[App. F. III—2

Serial No. 23

To the Q. M. Branch (Med. Section), with compliments, for furnishing the information required above, if forwarded

GM 16/5/33 Gen Br Wc. KP 16/5

A copy of the Q.O. containing the rules regarding Medical attendance and fees for such attendance is placed herein for ready reference. (Draft).

There is no rule, other than Medical Department Correspondence to which reference is made in Rule 9 under consideration

Asst 19.5.33 Den Branch with compliments.

MR. 19.5.33.

Submitted with reference to para 22 above.

GM 19/5/33 Reference 2nd Members Remarks Dev: Sec'y) QMG. 19/5

Second Member.

Received in the Office of the Second Member of Council. 20 MAY 1933 No. 5664

GM 19.5.33 QMG 22/5

Please consult the D[illegible] whether this [illegible]

The draft rules may be approved [illegible] as modified in para 21

Asst 25/5

QMG 25/5 GM 25.5.33.

NOTE—Contn. Sheet.

WD 0246 —GPB—15,000—22-8-32

(b)

File No. 46 of 1932 — General and Revenue Secretariat

Subd with a draft G.O. for approval

Issue G.O. 26/5

To —

The Director of Agriculture. 5
The Comptroller to Govt.
The Dy. Comrs. of Dts.
The Presidents of Municipalities
K.S.R.S. Board.
The other Heads of Depts.

No. D. 6025-84 Dy 29.5.33

Approval of the rules for regulating private practice by Veterinary officers.

TYPING SE...
26 MAY ...
...HE...

B
Dft
No. 6/33-...
GEN. & REV. ...
DEVELOPMENT BRANCH

Cv. 46-32-1

(1

Telegraphic Address: "Agri., Bangalore"
Code: 5th Edition A. B. C.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

MYSORE STATE.

BANGALORE,

In reply please quote in full the Nos. and indicative symbol given below.

Roc. 1046 C.V. 106 of 32-33. /En/

.....4th November,.....193 2.

FROM

LESLIE C. COLEMAN, ESQ., M.A., PH.D., C I E
DIRECTOR OF AGRICULTURE IN MYSORE,
BANGALORE.

1687

GEN. & REV. SECRETARIAT. 7 NOV. 1932 DEVELOPMENT BRANCH.

DEVELOPMENT SECRT. 5 NOV.

To

D. Srinivasa Iyengar, Esq., B. A.,
Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
Development Department, Bangalore.

SIR,

I have the honour to state that the question of permitting our Veterinary Officers to take pp private practice is being repeatedly urged year after year at the Annual meetings of the Mysore Veterinary Medical Association. Its consideration was however being put off till the work of the department was sufficiently popularised and a real -- demand for such ~~dr~~ service created. Now the stock owners and the dog ~~fxrr~~ fanciers have begun to realise the importance of the services of qualified Veterinarians as a result of effective propaganda carried on by the department and I consider it is now time the Veterinarians in Government employ ~~even~~ were permitted to take up private practice without detriment to their legitimate duties. In Madras similar concession has already been granted to their Veterinary Officers. A set of the rules on the subject in Madras is enclosed herewith for reference. I recommend that sanction of Government may be kindly obtained for granting similar facilities to our Veterinary Officers also.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Leslie C. Coleman

Director of Agriculture.

Encl. 1.

obtainable elsewhere, Veterinary officers on itinerating duty can supply them from their medicine chest provided the cost thereof is recovered from the owners of patients and credited to Government,. The Treasury receipt in each case should be submitted to the Circle office immediately.

696. It is not the business of the Head Office or Circle to collect the private practice fees of any member of the staff, and they must therefore make their own arrangements in the matter.

---ooo---

(True copy)

Superintendent,
C. V. D.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

READ—

Government Order No. 7332-72— Med. 89-06-57, dated the 12th February 1910, prescribing rules regarding medical attendance on Government servants, etc., and fees for such attendance.

2. Government Order No. 300-50—Med. 83-15-8, dated the 12th July 1916, modifying the rules issued under Government Proceedings No. 3820-70—Med. 231-13-4, dated 26th November 1915, for the levy of fees in Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Cities of Bangalore and Mysore sanctioned, tentatively, for a period of three years from the 1st January 1916.

No. 571-621—MED. 83-15-9, DATED BANGALORE, 18TH JULY 1916.

ORDER.—In consequence of the introduction of the system of levying fees for treatment of certain classes of patients in all Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Cities of Bangalore and Mysore in accordance with Government Proceedings No. 3820-70—Med. 231-13-4, dated the 26th November 1915, and No. 300-50—Med. 83-15-8, dated 12th July 1916, the rules contained in the first of the orders read above regulating medical attendance on Government Officers require to be suitably modified. Certain other changes in these rules have also become necessary in consequence of orders issued since 24th February 1910 in certain matters.

2. Government are accordingly pleased to prescribe the revised rules appended to this order in supersession of those issued with Government Order No. 7332-72—Med. 89-06-57, dated 24th February 1910.

D. M. NARASINGA RAO,
Secretary to Government,
General Department.

To—The Senior Surgeon with the Government of Mysore.
The other Heads of Departments.
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
The Presidents of Bangalore and Mysore City Municipal Councils and the Kolar Gold Fields Sanitary Board.
The Compiler, *Mysore Gazette.*

RULES REGARDING MEDICAL ATTENDANCE AND FEES FOR SUCH ATTENDANCE.

PRELIMINARY.

The term "Medical Attendance" means the professional advice and care during sickness or injury, afforded by a Medical Officer.

"Medical Attendance" defined.

Medical attendance will include except in the cities of Bangalore and Mysore in case of public servants, the supply, in accordance with the conditions laid down in para 27 *infra* of the authorized medicines and appliances prescribed by the Medical Officer in so far as they are available from the Government Hospital Stores and in the case of all persons, where there are no reliable chemists' and druggists' shops, the supply of such medicines and appliances in so far as stock permits.

NOTE.—The term "Medicine" includes all surgical appliances and dressings but not instruments.

"Medical Officer" defined.

2. The term "Medical Officer" includes a Medical subordinate.

3. (*a*) All members of the Medical Service are allowed private practice so far as may be compatible with the proper discharge of their public duties unless such practice is expressly forbidden in particular cases.

Private practice of Medical Officers.

(*b*) The following officers are debarred from private practice of every description :—

(i) The Resident Medical Officers of the Victoria Hospital, Bangalore and the General Hospital, Mysore.

(ii) All Public Health Officers when they are not also District Medical Officers.

(iii) The Deputy Sanitary Commissioner.

(iv) The Superintendent, Lunatic Asylum, Bangalore.

(*c*) The Senior Surgeon with the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore and the Medical Officer, Bangalore Central Jail, when the latter is also the Superintendent of the Jail, are debarred from all private practice except consultations.

(*d*) As a general rule, Medical Officers are entitled to remuneration for professional attendance on the families of those public servants whom they are bound to attend gratuitously.

Medical attendance on Government servants in active service and the families of Military Officers.

4. The Dewan is entitled to free medical attendance at his residence of a Gazetted Medical Officer appointed for the purpose, who, when at headquarters, shall attend also on the Councillors and Secretaries to Government at their residences.

The Dewan and Councillors.

5. (*a*) All Government servants in the Cities of Bangalore and Mysore of and above the rank of Deputy Commissioners are entitled to the free medical attendance of the District Medical Officers or of the Medical Officer attached to the Dispensary nearest their residence at their own houses in cases of illness.

Government servants of and above the rank of Deputy Commissioners of Bangalore and Mysore.

(*b*) Government servants in the Cities of Bangalore and Mysore in receipt of salaries of Rs. 100 a month and upwards are entitled to the free medical attendance of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon of the division in which such Government servants reside, at their own houses in cases of illness such as to prevent their consulting the Medical Officer at his place.

Government servants in receipt of salaries of Rs. 100 a month and upwards in Bangalore and Mysore.

NOTE.—In all cases under this rule and Rule 4, the actual cost of the medicine supplied shall be paid by the Government servant concerned.

6. All Government servants at district headquarter stations other than Bangalore and Mysore, in receipt of salaries amounting to Rs. 100 and upwards are entitled to the free medical attendance of the Medical Officer of the district at their own houses in cases of illness.

Government servants drawing Rs. 100 and above in district headquarter stations.

7. In stations other than District headquarters, where a dispensary is located, all Government servants in receipt of salaries of Rs. 50 and upwards are entitled to the free medical attendance of the Medical Officer in charge of the dispensary at their own houses.

Government servants in stations other than district headquarters.

8. Where there is no proper hospital accommodation, and in cases of illness such as to prevent the Medical Officer in charge of the dispensary being consulted at his place, Government servants in receipt of salaries less than Rs. 100 in district headquarters including Bangalore and Mysore are entitled to the free medical attendance at their own houses, in the first instance, of a Medical subordinate detailed for the purpose, and

Government servants drawing less than Rs. 100 in district head-quarter stations and less than Rs. 50 in other stations.

afterwards of the District Medical Officer, should the case be reported as serious, and similarly Government servants in receipt of salaries of less than Rs. 50 in other stations in which a dispensary is located, to the free medical attendance of the Medical Officer in charge of the dispensary.

9. A Government servant of any rank proceeding on duty to a place, and a Government servant stationed in a place, where medical relief is not available and there falling so seriously ill or meeting with an accident of so serious a nature as to render him unable to move to the nearest station where such relief can be had, will be entitled to gratuitous medical attendance from the Medical Officer nearest to the station.

10. Medical Officers are entitled in cases of illness to the free medical attendance at their own houses of the District Medical Officer or other Medical Officer detailed by the District Medical Officer if there is any in the same station and if not, of the Medical Officer nearest to the station, subject to the restrictions contained in Rule 5.

11. (*a*) Government servants in receipt of salaries of Rs. 250 and above requiring the services of a Government specialist should first consult the District Medical Officer. If he considers the services of the specialist necessary, they are entitled to the free attendance of the specialist provided they are in, or go to, the station where such specialist resides. Such attendance shall be at their residences, in the case of public servants of the rank of Deputy Commissioner and upwards in all cases of illness and in the case of others only in cases of illness such as to prevent them from consulting the specialist at his residence and the actual cost of the medicine supplied shall be paid by them in all such cases.

(*b*) In special cases, however, occurring in the mofussil, should the District Medical Officer certify that the patient's prospects of recovery would be jeopardised by undertaking the journey to see the Government specialist, the Senior Surgeon may depute the specialist to visit such patient, if he is a Government servant.

12. Where the Medical Officer attending on a Government servant in accordance with any of the preceding rules considers that the illness is so serious that another Medical Officer should be consulted, he may call in the aid of such Medical Officer; and the latter shall comply with the request.

13. Local Fund employees, *i.e.*, those paid from the District and Municipal Funds, are entitled to medical attendance under these rules.

14. The families of Military Officers in purely Military employ are entitled to the same medical services as the officers themselves.

15. All Government servants and their families who are entitled to gratuitous medical attendance at a place are entitled to it also at any other place where they may residing whether on duty or on leave from the Medical Officer at the station paid by Government for general duties. Should the Government servant, however, decline the attendance of the Medical Officer provided by Government and call in another Medical Officer to attend on him in illness, the usual fees can be claimed by the latter.

16. When a Government servant or his family entitled to gratuitous medical attendance prefers to obtain the services of a Medical Officer, other than the recognized Government Medical attendant, it will be considered as a private arrangement with which Government have nothing to do. This rule will apply also to any Medical Officer who may be called in, in consultation with the official Medical Officer otherwise than in accordance with Rule 12 *supra*, and if the consultant is detailed from his headquarters for more than 12 hours, he will be deemed to have been absent on casual or such other leave as may be available under the circumstances.

17. Medical Officers are required to attend without avoidable delay in cases of emergency or when the patient's own official medical adviser is not available, on any sick Military or Civil Officer, or member of the family of a Military Officer, who may call upon them to do so; and having given such aid or advice as circumstances call for, they may transfer the further treatment of the case to the proper medical attendant.

Travelling allowance to Medical Officers for journeys performed by them in connection with medical attendance.

18. A Medical Officer proceeding to a station outside his own under Rules 9, 0, 11 (*b*) or 12, for attendance on a Government servant, shall be entitled to the sual travelling and halting allowances.

19. All claims for travelling allowances by Medical Officers on account of ourneys performed by them to render medical aid shall be supported by a certiicate from the District Medical and Sanitary Officer in cases of non-gazetted Medical subordinates and from the Senior Surgeon in cases of gazetted Medical)fficers, to the effect that the journey was *bona fide* in the interest of a public ervant employed on Government duty.

20. For purpose of certificates referred to in the preceding rule, the District Medical and Sanitary Officer or the Senior Surgeon, as the case may be, may call or a short history confidentially of the ailment in the treatment of which the Medical Officer was employed. If, on report of the nature of the case, the District Medical and Sanitary Officer or the Senior Surgeon is satisfied that the case was iot serious enough for the Medical Officer going to the spot, the travelling allowance)aid to such officer may be recovered from the officer calling in his services.

Medical attendance on the families of officers in the Civil employ.

21. The families of Government servants in civil employ are not entitled :o gratuitous medical attendance.

22. It is not considered necessary to fix definitely the amount of remuneration for attendance on the families of Government servants, but the following scale is given to serve as a guide to be followed under normal circumstances. Government however, trust that the good sense and humanity of Medical Officers will always indicate when the fees are too high in particular cases and likewise that a feeling of fairness and gratitude which animates all who have to engage the services of Medical Officers will suggest to the highly paid among them when the scale seems too low.

23. The fees which Government servants pay for medical attendance on the members of their families at their houses shall be certain percentage of their monthly pay and allowances, varying according to the standing of the Medical Officer whose service they engage.

(i) To Surgeons and specialists, 4/5 per cent per visit with a minimum of Rs. 3 per visit and a maximum of Rs. 6.

To Assistant Surgeons, classes I to IV 3/5 per cent with a minimum of Rs. 2 per visit and a maximum of Rs. 4.

To Assistant Surgeons, classes V to VII honorary Gazetted Officers and Apothecaries at 3/10 per cent with a minimum of Re. 1 per visit and a maximum of Rs. 2.

To Sub-Assistant Surgeons, 1/5 per cent with a minimum of annas 8 per visit and maximum of Re. 1.

(ii) For visits at the Medical Officer's house the fee shall be one-third less than at the patient's house.

(iii) For a visit by night, *i.e.*, between 9 P.M. and 6 A.M. the fees shall be 50 per cent more than for a visit by day.

(iv) In the case of more than one visit by day or by night being necessary, the fee for each such extra visit shall be half the ordinary fee by day or by night. But only two such extra visits by day or by night shall be charged for.

(v) In cases where there are more than one patient under treatment in the same family at the same time, the full fee shall be charged for one, and a half fee for each of the others.

(vi) When the patient lives outside the Medical Officer's headquarters, the patient shall pay the Medical Officer the mileage he would receive were he travelling on duty, each mile being charged for, or place a suitable conveyance at his disposal.

(vii) For every period of twenty-four hours during which a Medical Officer is detained (which is allowable only in very serious circumstances) he shall draw

double his official halting allowance in addition to mileage, but the fee for such detention shall be the equivalent of one ordinary day and one ordinary night visit only.

(viii) For a confinement or severe operation including necessary subsequent visits :—

	Rs.
To—Civil Surgeons	50
Assistant Surgeons	40
All other substantive Gazetted Officers	30
Honorary Gazetted Officers and Apothecaries	20
Sub-Assistant Surgeons	10

24. In the cases of indigent persons, generally, where there is only one Medical Officer in a station, he shall afford medical aid at their houses gratis, when they are so ill as to be unable to attend the dispensary. In a district headquarter station the District Medical and Sanitary Officer shall see that arrangements are made to carry out the intention of this rule.

25. The foregoing scale of fees fixed in connection with the medical attendance on the families of Government servants in Civil employ should be taken also as a guide to fees payable by private persons.

26. It is not intended that the above rules should interfere with private arrangements mutually agreed upon between Medical Officers and their patients.

RULES FOR THE GRATUITOUS ISSUE OF MEDICINES.

27. Government servants and families of Military Officers in stations where there are hospitals or dispensaries are entitled to the gratuitous supply for their own use, of such authorised medicines as are in store therein, but such supplies will only be given on the prescription of the Medical Officer in charge of the hospital or dispensary where application for the medicine is made or of the Medical Officer deputed for Medical attendance.

28. In places in which no Government hospital or Local Fund dispensary exists, prescriptions should be sent to a druggists' shop and the patient will be liable to pay for the supplies.

29. In cases where indigent persons are afforded gratuitous medical attendance under Rule 24 they shall be supplied with Government medicines gratis under the same conditions as those specified in Rule 27.

30. In places where there are no chemists' or druggists' shops, medicines may be supplied gratis to private patients on the prescriptions of Medical Officers in so far as the stock permits.

FEES FOR THE GRANT OF CERTIFICATES BY MEDICAL OFFICERS.

31. A fee may legitimately be charged for a certificate or opinion given by a Medical Officer in the Government, Municipal or Local Fund service of the State at the instance of a private person for any purpose, whether it be in connection with a civil or criminal proceeding or not, and the fact that such person was treated in the State, Municipal or Local Fund Hospital should not exempt him from the payment of such fee. A fee not exceeding two days' pay of the Medical Officer (without including allowances) and subject to a maximum of Rs. 5 may be charged in each case, provided that where a Medical Officer has taken a fee under this rule for giving a certificate or opinion he will not be entitled to another fee for giving evidence in Court regarding the same in cases in which such evidence may be required.

32. A Medical Officer shall not be at liberty by directing the applicant in the first instance to produce an order from the Police or otherwise, to postpone treatment or an examination he may be called on to make.

33. Medical Officers, however, who are public servants shall not receive any fee from the public revenues, for giving certificates, opinion or evidence regarding

any proceeding of public interest, such as inquests or judicial inquiries. Certificates shall invariably be granted when required by the Police. If, in any case, a Medical Officer considers that unnecessary or improper use is made of this rule by the Police, he should, after granting the certificate, report the matter to the District Medical and Sanitary Officer, who should bring it to the notice of the District Magistrate. If the officer himself is a District Medical and Sanitary Officer, he will similarly report the matter to the District Magistrate.

34. A Police Officer cannot call for a certificate for ordinary, *i.e.*, non-grievous injury unless it is necessarily required in the interests of the public service.

GENERAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Commissions on prescriptions.

35. Medical Officers are strictly prohibited from accepting commissions from private firms on their prescriptions.

Medical subordinates not to have recourse to Law Courts for recovery of fees, without permission.

36. No Medical subordinate shall have recourse to a Court of Law for the recovery of a fee except with the permission of the Senior Surgeon in the case of officers below the rank of Surgeon and that of Government in the case of officers of and above the rank of Surgeon.

Pecuniary recognition of the services of Medical Officers.

37. Medical Officers are not prohibited from receiving pecuniary recognition of their services from a community or body of persons which may desire to acknowledge these, but the previous sanction of Government must be obtained by Medical Officers in all such cases.

Appendix F G—1]

SUBJECT .....

.....

.....

Section C-V

File No. 46-3

Serial No. 2

Diary No. of letter replied to .....

No. 02821

To

The Govt of Ogn.

Sir,

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

the *193* .

With reference to your

letter no Roc 1046 C-V 106 of 32-33

Date of issue 26/11/32

dated 4/4/32, requesting, in the

circs explained, that the Veterinary

Officers may be permitted to take up

private practice on certain conditions

I am directed to enquire whether

Signed by [illegible]

there is any order (either departmental

or Govt) now restricting private

practice by the Veterinary Officers.

I have etc

List of enclosures .....

24/11/32

for Secy to Govt

Copied by .....

Examined by .....

2611

25th November 1932.

02321 b

The

The Director of Agriculture in Mysore.

With reference to your letter No.Roc.1046/C.V.106 of 32-33 dated 4th November 1932, requesting, in the circumstances explained, that the Veterinary Officers may be permitted to take up private practice on certain conditions, I am directed to enquire whether there is any order now either (departmental or Government) restricting private practice by the Veterinary Officers.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Secretary to Government,
Development Department.

G.2.

Telegraphic Address: "Agri., Bangaloro"
Code: 5th Edition A. B. C.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
MYSORE STATE.

BANGALORE, 16th December 1932.

In reply please quote in full the Nos. and indicative symbol given below.
Roc. 1046 C.V.106 of 32-33.

FROM

LESLIE C. COLEMAN, ESQ., M.A., PH.D., C I E
DIRECTOR OF AGRICULTURE IN MYSORE,
BANGALORE.

TO

S. Abdul Wajid, Esq, B.A.,
Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
Development Department, Bangalore.

SIR,

With reference to your letter No. D.2321/C.V.46-82-2 dated the 26th November 1932 enquiring whether there is any orders now restricting private practice by the Veterinary Officers, I have the honor to enclose herewith a copy of letter No. HA.47-140 of 32-33 dated 3rd December 1932 from the Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department stating that no such order exists, and that general sanction has been applied for to avoid taking individual sanctions as per Article 51 of Mysore Service Regulations.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant

Director of Agriculture.

blm.

Letter No.H.A. 47-140/32-33 dated 3-12-32 from the Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, Bangalore to the Director of Agriculture in Mysore, Bangalore.

With reference to your No. Roc. 1046/32-33 C.V. 106 dated -- 30-11-32 forwarding copy of letter No. D. 2321 C.V. 46-32-2 dated -- 26-11-32 of the Development Secretary to Government, regarding permittin Veterinary Officers of this Department to take up private practice, I have the honour to state that there are neither Departmental nor Government Orders restricting private practice by Veterinary Officers.

Since under Art. 51 M.S.R. sanction of the head of the Department is necessary in each case for the acceptance of fees by Veterinary Officers, the Mysore Veterinary Medical Association resolved at the last meeting, that a general sanction may be obtained as has been done in the Medical Department.

****

"COPY."

Director of Agriculture.

Appendix F G—1]

9

SUBJECT .....

.....

.....

Section C.U.

File No. 46-32

Serial No. 4

Diary No. of letter replied to .....

No. D 3292

To The Govt. of Agn.

Sir,

With reference to correspondence ending with your letter no Roc 1046 C.U. 1069 32-33 dated 16/10/32 re: private practice by the Veterinary Officers on return conditions, I am directed to request you to be so good as to submit for the approval of Govt a set of draft rules for regulating private practice

Yours etc

KD

Dy Chief Secy

Govt

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

the *193* .

Date of issue 10/11/33

Signed by M BNG

List of enclosures .....

Copied by NB 9/11/33

Examined by .....

1071

9th January 33.

D 3292

The

The Director of Agriculture in Mysore.

With reference to correspondence ending with your letter No.Roc.1046 C.V. 106 of 32-33 dated 16th December 1932 regarding private practice by the Veterinary Officerson certain conditions, I am directed to request you to be so good as to submit for the approval of Government a set of draft rules for regulating private practice.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

for Chief Secretary to Government.

MSG.2.

G. R. S. 46]

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

No. , dated the 192

To

The Director of Agriculture in Mysore

SUBJECT.

Draft rules for regulating private practice to Veterinary Officers.

SIR,

I am directed to invite attention to the marginally noted communication and to request that the Government of His Highness the Maharaja may be informed, in the column opposite, of the cause of delay in furnishing a reply ~~and of the approximate date on which reply may be expected~~.

*No. 3292 dated 10/1/33

I am also to request that the reply to this reminder may be sent not later than the 15th March 33

I have, etc.

S. Nagarajan
for Secretary to Government,
Dev Department.

*~~Previous reminders~~

REPLY

Roc. 1046/32-33 C.V. 106
No. , dated the 17, March 192 33

To

The

Secretary to the Government of
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore

...Development...Department.

Bangalore.

Sir,

I have the honour to state that the draft rules are under preparation by the Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department. The Superintendent was absent in Delhi in connection with the meeting of the Animal Husbandry wing of the Board of Agriculture and Animal Husbandry. He has been reminded to expedite the submission of the report and the same will be submitted immediately its receipt here.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant

Director of Agriculture.

WD 0161—GPB—2,000—28-8-29

Telegraphic Address: "Agri., Bangalore"
Code: 5th Edition A. B. C.

GV-46-32-4

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

MYSORE STATE.

In reply please quote in full the Nos. and indicative symbol given below.

BANGALORE, 12

Roc.1046-C.V.106 of 32-33. 17th April 1933

No Secl. Mem

FROM

LESLIE C. COLEMAN, ESQ., M.A., PH.D., C.I.E.,
DIRECTOR OF AGRICULTURE IN MYSORE,
BANGALORE.

DEVELOPMENT SECTION
19. APR. 1933

N. Madhava Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Chief Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
Bangalore.

SIR,

With reference to your letter No.D 3292/C.V.46-32-4 of/8th January 1933, I have the honour to forward herewi a set of draft rules relating to private practice by Veterinary Officers and to request you to kindly obtain sanction of Government for the scheme for a period of on year for the present. At the end of this period, the situation will be reviewed and further proposals will be made for its continuance or otherwise.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Leslie C. Coleman

Director of Agriculture.

kvs.

G.R.S. App. F VI—G 2]

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SUBJECT .....

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Diary No. of letter replied to .....

Section C-U

File No. 46-32

Serial No. 5

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

the 193 .

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

Date of issue 28/5/1933.

Signed by .....

Read—

Correspondence ending with letter No Roc 1046-C.U.106 of 32-33 dated 17/4/33 from the Dir of Agriculture recommending that the circumstances explained, that the Veterinary Officers in Govt employ may be permitted to take up private practice for a period of one year only for the present without prejudice ~~detriment~~ to their legitimate duties, as the stock owners and the dog fanciers have now begun to realise the importance of the services of

May this be—

(i) printed ?

(ii) treated as a standing order ?

(iii) published in the Gazette, English Part ?

(iv) translated ?

(v) placed at the disposal of the press ?

(vi) published in the Gazette, Kannada Part ?

~~Order thereon.—No.~~

27/6

qualified Veterinarians as a result of effective propaganda carried on by the departments and forwarding for approval a set of draft rules on the subject ~~for the Delaware~~.

Order No 6625-64 dated 29/5/31

The Govt's recommendation is sanctioned.

The draft rules proposed ~~A set of rules~~ framed by Veterinary officers is approved with a slight alteration in rule 10.

The rules as approved by Govt are appended to this order ~~and appended to this order~~

GHC 26/5

In Deer Sey.

To The Govt of Agra
The Comptr ~~Accounts~~ F.D.
The other Heads of Depts
The D.Cs galls
The Banking & Insurance Companies & Co-op-Societies Registrar.

List of Enclosure.

Copied by

Examined by

Rules for regulating private practice.

1. The officers of the Civil Veterinary Department may take up private practice provided that it does not interfere with the performance of their official duties.

2. Except for the grant of certificates of soundness and health, officers in charge of institutions can treat as privat practice only those cases attended to outside the institution.

3. Private practice should not interfere with the prompt attendance of outbreak reports of contagious diseases, nor should it involve any extra expense to Government.

4. All preventive inoculations whenever conducted shall be done free of charge and no fee shall be charged for postmortem or any other examinations performed or certificates granted by a Veterinary Officer under lawful requisition from a Police Office or Magistrate.

5. All castrations of agricultural cattle or animals shall be performed free of charge.

6. No fees shall be charged in the case of Government livestock either for examining, granting a certificate, or for treatment. Animals intended for Government shall also be examine and certified free.

7. If the animal of any Government official is treated, it should be considered as private practice, unless it be a contagious disease under the notification, when it should be treated free.

8. Journeys or halts performed for treating private patients should not be shown in officers' travelling allowance bills; but should invariably be mentioned in their diaries.

9. Veterinary Officers may make free use, for the treatment of their private cases, of the instruments or apparatus in Government hospitals or dispensaries, but the cost of any medicines, dressings, or other materials supplied from Government stock for such cases, must be recovered from the owners concerned and credited to Government.

P.t.o.

10. The fee per visit of a Veterinary Inspector will ~~not~~ be ~~less than~~ Rs.2/- ~~nor more than Rs.3/-~~.

11. Veterinary Inspectors are not prohibited from receiving pecuniary recognition of their services from a community or body of persons which may desire to acknowledge these but the previous sanction of the Director must be obtained in all such cases.

Director of Agriculture.

App. F VI G 10.

Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

GENERAL AND REVENUE DEPARTMENTS

Approval of the rules for regulating

G. O. No. DG 625-84 DATED 29/5/33

CV. 46-32-5

May this be

i. printed ? Yes.

ii. treated as a standing order ?

iii. published in the Gazette English Part ? Yes.

iv. translated ?

v. placed at the disposal of the press ? Yes. 27/5

iv. published in the Gazette Kannada Part ?

Submitted for orders

27/5/33

Government of his highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

GENERAL AND REVENUE DEPARTMENTS.

G. O. No. D. 6025-84—C. V. 46-32-5, dated 29th May 1933.

Private Practice by Veterinary Officers.

Approves of Rules for regulating ——.

READ—

Correspondence ending with letter No. R. O. C. 1046—C. V. 106 of 1932-33, dated 17th April 1933, from the Director of Agriculture, recommending, in the circumstances explained, that the Veterinary Officers in Government employ may be permitted to take up private practice for a period of one year for the present without prejudice to their legitimate duties, as the stock owners and the dog fanciers have now begun to realise the importance of the services of qualified Veterinarians as a result of effective propaganda carried on by the department and forwarding for approval a set of draft rules on the subject.

ORDER No. D. 6025-84—C. V. 46-32-5, DATED BANGALORE, THE 29TH MAY 1933.

The Director's recommendation is sanctioned.

The draft rules proposed are approved with a slight alteration in Rule 10.

The rules as approved by Government are appended to this order.

S. ABDUL WAJID,
Secretary to Government,
Development Department.

To—The Director of Agriculture in Mysore.
The Comptroller to Government.
The other Heads of Departments.
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
The Presidents of Bangalore and Mysore City Municipal Councils and the Kolar Gold Fields Sanitary Board.

Exd.—C. K.

No. D. 6025-84—C. V. 46-32-5, DATED 29TH MAY 1933.

ANNEXURE.

RULES FOR REGULATING PRIVATE PRACTICE.

1. The Officers of the Civil Veterinary Department may take up private practice provided that it does not interfere with the performance of their official duties.

2. Except for the grant of certificates of soundness and health, officers in charge of institutions can treat as private practice only those cases attended to outside the institution.

3. Private practice should not interfere with the prompt attendance of outbreak reports of contagious diseases, nor should it involve any extra expense to Government.

4. All preventive inoculations whenever conducted shall be done free of charge and no fee shall be charged for *post mortem* or any other examinations performed or certificates granted by a Veterinary Officer under lawful requisition from a Police Officer or Magistrate.

5. All castrations of agricultural cattle or animals shall be performed free of charge.

6. No fees shall be charged in the case of Government live-stock either for examining, granting a certificate, or for treatment. Animals intended for Government shall also be examined and certified free.

7. If the animal of any Government Official is treated, it should be considered as private practice, unless it be a contagious disease under the notification, when it should be treated free.

8. Journeys or halts performed for treating private patients should not be shown in officers' travelling allowance bills; but should invariably be mentioned in their diaries.

9. Veterinary Officers may make free use for the treatment of their private cases, of the instruments or apparatus in Government Hospitals or Dispensaries, but the cost of any medicines, dressings, or other materials supplied from Government stock for such cases, must be recovered from the owners concerned and credited to Government.

10. The fee per visit of a Veterinary Inspector will be Rs. 2.

11. Veterinary Inspectors are not prohibited from receiving pecuniary recognition of their services from a community or body of persons which may desire to acknowledge these but the previous sanction of the Director must be obtained in all such cases.

S. ABDUL WAJID,
Secretary to Government,
Development Department.

WD 2308—GPB—485—31-5-33